



Performance and safety analysis of charge reduced brine to water heat pumps using R290

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- Standardization
 - Network and platform for manufacturers







- Main components
 - Compressor
 - Evaporator
 - Condenser
 - EEV
- Short tubing
- Reduced oil charge
- No 4-way valve
- No accumulator
- No filter dryer
- No internal heat exchanger









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3



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4





- 23 successful refrigerant circuits measured
 - Min charge possible to max charge
 - Min optimal charge plotted @B0/W35/F60/SSH10
 - 10 different condensers
 - 9 different evaporators
 - 4 different compressors
 - Circuits are built with many different combinations
 - Automated charging +-0.3g charge accuracy

General behavior extremely repeatable



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Performance over charge

log semittee

COP heat cap on this slide

Next more



Dann erst aufteilung

- All measurements are steady state @B0/W35/F60/SSH10
- ~10g interval between measurements
- Low charge measurements don't have SSH 10K







- All measurements are steady state @B0/W35/F60/SSH10
- ~10g interval between measurements
- Low charge measurements don't have SSH 10K
- Four distinct operation states identified, and identification values defined







- **[A,B)** = extremely undercharged
 - EEV 100% open
 - SSH larger than desired value
 - Lower heat capacity
 - reduced COP
- **[B,C)** = undercharged
 - EEV charge sensitive
 - SSH as desired
 - Lower heat capacity
 - reduced COP



7





- <u>*C* = min. optimal charge</u>
- [C,~D) = correct charge
 - EEV not charge sensitive
 - SSH as desired
 - Expected heat capacity
 - **Expected COP**
- (~D,D] = overcharged
 - EEV charge sensitive
 - SSH as desired
 - Higher heat capacity
 - reduced COP



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8







- B = no liquid are distinguishable
- C = slight sub cool implied



- X = noticeable sub cool
- D = >50% vol. filled with liquid R290 reduced area available for heat transfer



9

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- All circuits <200g min. opt. charge @B0/W35/F60/SSH10</p>
- Oil reduction -> 9-18%mass. R290 in oil
- Short tubes
- Small heat exchangers
- Small heat exchanger ports
- Filter dryer moved to suction line /removed
- Compressor insulation
- Super heat trade off efficiency vs. charge







11







- Good consistency of correlation shown
- Theoretical correlation of measurements matches IR images
- Summary of possible design changes/rules to reduce charge

- All the ranges can be evaluated, for example α or β
 - Potential volume correlations can be drawn based on the different angle of alpha or the width of beta
- Additional information can be taken from IR images
- Results build base for follow up project <u>LCR290</u>



RC8-17 heat capacity and COP over charge

12



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Thank you for you attention

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